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Lupus Capital plc Annual Report and Accounts Year Ended \$1 December 2006

12-31-06 AK/S

Lupus Capital

Lupus Capital aims to build shareholder value through the acquisition of industrial assets with the potential for development and the application of proven management skills and systems in order to achieve greater profitability.

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Our strategy

Our approach to sectors is very disciplined and with a clear focus. Target companies will be involved in industrial manufacturing, processing, services or distribution for industries, businesses or consumers. Our key requirements are asset based, positive cash flow, industrial activities with potential for development. In addition we will target fragmented industries, seek consolidations, as well as develop organic growth opportunities.

2006 highlights

- > Achieved sales of £62.940 million (2005: £7.479 million)
- > Pre tax profits £10.013 million (2005: £2.435 million)
- > Dividends up by 21% to 0.497p
- > Strong cash generation net debt of £23.3 million
- > £84 million acquisition and integration of Schlegel

Chairman's statement

We are very excited about the progress that we are making with Lubus. Our results are good, backed up by strong cash generation enabling us to continue our progressive dividend policy.

Dear Shareholder,

I am pleased to report a repord set of financial results for the year entied 31 December 2006 together with the successful integration of Schlegel Building Products, which was acquired on 4 April 2006, Group crofts, earnings and cash peneration all suppassed previous highs.

Gall Thomson Environmental, which operates primarily in the of and gas sentor, has had its best ever year ceating 2005 in sales, profits, cash generation and also return on capital employed.

The mne month contribution from the acquisition of Scrilegel has been very positive. The management has responded well both to the change of ownership and now direction and has improved on key performance indicators over 2005.

Results for the year

It is very satisfying to be able to detail to your an outstanding year for your company. Sales, including the acquisition of Schlegel, were £62,940 million (2005: £7.479 mllion) and pre-tax crofits increased to £10.013 million (2005: £2.435 million). Reported earnings per share jumped to 1.233p (2005: 0.593p). The figures for the period are not directly comparable as they include a major acquisition and have been prepared on the basis of the requirements of UK GAAP, as explained in the notes to the accounts.

Dividend

A growing dividend is also one of our objectives and we have been able yet again to achieve this with a series of dividends.

We are recommending a final bividend for 2006 of 0.334p (2005; 0.278p), which is an increase of over 20%. If approved at the AGM, which we will be holding on 16 May 2007, this final dividend will be paid on 23 May 2007 to Shareholders on the register at 9 March 2007.

This, together with the special interim dividend of 0.114p per Ordinary Share in respect of the quarter ending 31 March 2006 and the further interim dividend of 0.049p for the first half of 2006, will make a total dividend for the 2006 year of 0.497p - up 21% from the 0.410p paid in the 2005 year.

It is the intention of the Board to maintain a progressive dividend policy in the future.

Business of Gall Thomson Environmental Limited Gall Thomson is the world's leading supplier of marine breakaway couplings. Its subsidiary, KLAW is a supplier of industrial couplings including quick release couplings and breakaway couplings.

A Gall Thomson marine breakaway coupling is used in the oil and gas industry to enable a loading line to part safely and then to shut off the croduct supply in the event of a vessel moving off station during the loading or discharging of oil and gas products, whether at offshore moonings or jetty terminals, The purpose of the breakaway coupling is firstly to stop environmental pollution and secondly to prevent damage to pumping and transfer equipment. Call Thomson also supplies the quick release Wellin Lambie camlock coupling which is used in the hose and loading arm system for the transfer of oil and gas products.

The greater number of our couplings are designed and made to order for the major of producers. Stock and working capital levels are thus easily visible. There is also an increasing demand for refurbishment of our products which have been in use for many years and exposed to the elements.

...defined strategy, a sound balance sheet, good operating activities...

The excellence of the couplings and their technology together with the significant environmental and financial consequences of risking less established products gives Gall Thomson a considerable advantage and strong market share.

The principal activity of KLAW is that of the manufacture, assembly and distribution of industrial quick release couplings for activities such as refining, exploration and construction. They are also used in the transportation of product by road and rail.

Both Gall Thomson Environmental Ltd (GTE) and its subsidiary KI AW Products I td (KI AW) have performed well during the year.

GTE, who operate mainly in the offshore industry, has benefited from a strong oil price that had encouraged the major oil producers to commence new projects worldwide. In addition, the crive towards environmental improvements continues to have a positive effect. Approximately 90% of turnover was derived from exported sales spanning the world from Europe to Asia, America to the Middle East and Africa. Nearly all sales are made in bounds sterling so we have limited exposure to a fluctuating dollar.

In respect of KLAW, who operate in the oil, gas, refining and petrochemical markets, the underlining business has continued to develop. New products have been introduced, namely the cryogenic ERC (Emergency Release Coupling) for ship to ship transfer of LNG and the hazardous chemical units, both being received with much interes. In the case of the Cryogenics ERC, KLAW has already received significant orders from major oil companies:

Business of Schlegel Building Products

The £84 million acquisition of Schlegel, a leader in the manufacture and marketing of door and window seals, primarily for the worldwide housing market, was completed on 4 April 2006. Schlegel, which currently has over 625 employees and more than 5,000 customers, sells over 650 million metres of seals in a year. Core manufacturing competencies are continuously moulded urethane foam, narrow fabric textiles, and extruded plastics. As a leading producer of urethane foarn (compression seals) and woven pile (sliding seals) for the window and door markets, seals are sold in more than 75 countries from seven manufacturing plants located around the world. In addition, Schlegel supply both manufactured and assembled door and window locking mechanisms to a number of their key seal customers.

Also manufactured are related products for the non-housing markets such as cleaning brushes, static control devices for copiers and printers, special ty

automotive products as in sunroof seals and truck spray suppressants, tractor seat trim and sway bar brushes.

In 2006 Schlegel saw many exciting changes, which produced increased profitability over the previous year and which we hope to continue to build on. New customers have been won, productivity has improved, prices have been raised to compensate for raw material inputs, sales have been refocused into higher margin customers, financial controls have been tightened and resulting action from exhaustive analysis has yielded higher gross margins. The global market for housing, both new build and refurbishment, has been generally satisfactory with the long term worldwide trend being upwards. As an international business with activities across three continents we have a limited exposure to both dollar currency, and the current U.S. new build housing market difficulties where we have taken action to mitigate any effects.

On the corporate front

A comprehensive tax review is being undertaken with an expected outcome that our worldwide group cash tax rate will decline from an anticipated 38% band previously predicted to 36% in 2006 and a lower cash tax rate in future.

The acquisition of Schlegel has broadened the sphere of operations of Lupus Capital plc and management has reviewed the risk profile of the enlarged group.

We continue to seek the development of Lupus through both organic growth and selective acquisitions.

The excellent cash generation from both our businesses has enabled Lupus to reduce the net debt taken on to buy Schlegel (£35m) at a speed quicker than originally envisaged. At 31 December 2006 net debt stood at £23.3m. It has also provided funds to increase our dividend to shareholders for the 2006 year at a higher rate than forecast at the time of the Schlegel acquisition.

Strategy

Our strategy is to build shareholder value through the acquisition of industrial assets with the potential for development using a spectrum of funding instruments, where with the application of our management skills and systems we can achieve greater profitability. Once they have been improved, potential long-term growth configurations installed, and a critical mass built, we would expect to realise a gain through a variety of exit mechanisms.

Our strategy is very similar to that which we developed at Tomkins plc, with one key exception. Institutional investors in the public markets are not sympathetic to puclic conglomerate organisations; they have, however, even though with very diverse interests, favoured private The £84 million acquisition of Schlogel, a locator in the manufacture and marketing of door and window seats, primarly for the worldwide housing market, was completed on 4 April 2006.

...very disciplined with a clear tocus...

Chairman's statement

continued

equity structures. We intend to follow the private equity principle of timeo investment exits when critical mass and creation of shareholder value have been achieved by demergers, IPO's or sales followed by cash returns to shareholders when appropriate.

The speed of our decision making and the management excerience we possess together with the flexibility of being acle to offer an on-going interest should give us a competitive edge over private equity competitors when negotiating transactions. In addition, we have proven management skills and systems, as well as the application of star dard financial modelling.

Our approach to sectors will be very disciplined and with a clear focus. Target companies will be involved in industrial manufacturing, processing or services or distribution for industries, businesses or consumers. Retailing, financial services, property and media are outside our range of interest. Our key requirements are asset based, positive cash flow, industrial activities with potential for development. In addition we will target fragmented industries, seek consolidations, as well as develop organic growth opportunities.

We will choose to operate in stable markets where the technology is low- isk rather than markets exposed to quick innovation and sudden obsolescence. We prefer to sell high quantities of inexpensive items or fulfil a high volume of contracts as opposed to a small number of very significant cost constituents.

We expect to inject our management skills, operating systems, financial control mechanisms and strategy experience to improve profitability and financial efficiency.

Our industrial focus and business experience of acquiring, stabilising, controlling, investing in and developing businesses, together with a strong existing operation gives Lupus Capital plc exciting prospects.

Outlook

Gall Thomson is a reliable business and looks forward to maintaining its success. There are opportunities in most areas of the world flue to an increase in global ficating production systems; as well as the traditional Single Point Mooning business. The drive to exploration in deeper waters (greater than 1,000 metres), which require off loading techniques as opposed to pipeline infrastructure, provides a sound basis for the Gall Thomson business in the short and long term. KLAW continues to grow as a result of entering new markets with successfully developed innovativo products.

Schlegel operates within the worldwide housing market, which is likely to continue to grow due to increased populations and more single housing requirements. In addition, environmental regulations for energy

conservation, of which seals are an integral part, are becoming more and more critical to developed and developing countries. These factors should ensure a growing future.

We are very excited about the progress that we are making with Lupus. Our results are good, backed up by strong cash generation enabling us to continue our progressive dividend policy. The purchase of Schlegel, a leading building products manufacturer, was yet another step in creating a successful growing international business. We have a defined strategy, a sound balance sheet, good operating activities generating cash and an enthusiastic entrepreneural management team ambitious to drive Lupus Capital plc forward. I am confident that your Board has the right platform to deliver further value for shareholders.

Record order books, comprising both marine and industrial breakaway couplings, at Gall Thomson and further opportunities for new products for KLAW together with a full contribution from the global activities of Schlegel, enable us to enter 2007 with optimism.

We'look forward to another year of growth and development of Lupus Capital pic.

Greg Hutchings Chairman

18 March 2007

Business review

The duries of all your directors include promoting the success of Lupus Capital plo and your num-executive directors provide general counsel and a different perspective or matters of concern. The purpose of this Business Provide is an afform shareholders and to help them assess now the pirectors have centorned their duty to promote the success of the company.

We have structured the Bismoss Review to provide an overview of pushess performance and fill and all position, a description of the principal risks and how we are able to manage from orditio discuss a set of financial and con-financial key Performance Indicators (KPIs) by which we measure and manage the business.

Business Performance and Financial Position Group sales, including Schlegel, were £62.940m (2005: £7.479m) and pre-tax profits increased to £10.013m (2005: £2.435m), Reported earnings per share jumpoid to 1.233p (2005: 0.593p). The figures for the period are not directly comparable as they include the effect of a major acquisition during 2006.

Net debt at 31 December 2006 was £23.3m which is lower than forecast – we have generated more cash from operations than expected and have used this to reduce net bet ahead of schedule. Our liquidity is good and we are in a strong position to consider apportunities as they arise.

A growing dividend is one of our objectives. We are recommending a final dividend for 2006 of 0.334p (2004: 0.278p). This, together with the special interim dividence of 0.114p per Ordinary Share in respect of the quarter ending 31 March 2006 and the further interim dividence of 0.049 for the first half of 2006, will make a total dividenct for the 2006 year of 0.497p up 21% from the 0.410p paid in the 2005 year.

Gall Thomson Environmental, which operates primarily in the oil and gas sector, has had its best year yet beating 2005 in sales, profits, cash generation and also return on capital employed. Sales increased to £9.314rm (2005: £7.479m) and one significant now customer was won in the Middle East. Operating profit was £3.445m (2005: £3.086m).

The nine-month contribution from Schlegel has been positive. The management has responded well both to the change of ownership and to the new direction.

Key Performance Indicators

	2006	2005
Adjusted* profit before tax (£000)	10,013	3,176
Divioends declared (p)	0.497	0.410
Earnings per share (p)	1.233	0.593

'2005 adjusted for additional of goodwill amortisation

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The decline in the US housing market has been reflected in Schlegel sales, however we have taken action at Schlegel

In the US to mitigate this by adjusting staff numbers, terms of recruitment for new staff and shift patterns. We will continue to be alert to the need to manage our resources in a flexible way also to take advantage in any market upturn. Our marine coupling brusiness is usually not affected by oil prices. However we think we are at risk to some extent from the current high levels, where if there is a fall, there could be a reduction in demand for our products. In 2006 we have seen strong oil prices encouraging oil field development and the purchase of our specialist valves. We recently saw some good orders from a new customer in the Middle East. We have recruited additional staff to take advantage of the strong oil & gas sector.

As we grow rapidly, risks associated with foreign exchange, interest rates and raw material prices all increase. It is recognised by the board that appropriate levels of human and systems resources are required to help counteract any increase in risk. We have plans to formalise risk management in these and other areas – see KPIs below.

Key Performance Indicators

Having acquired Schlegel in April 2006 it is important that we adjust our KPIs and upgrade our internal systems to enable us to monitor performance and control the businesses.

In just over 12 months Lupus has changed from a small profitable engineering business with 33 staff to an international company with annualised sales of approximately £80m and over 650 staff. We are therefore reassessing our KPIs, which will evolve as our business develops. Our KPIs will be part of an ongoing process of updating our business priorities, our performance and risk measures and also our personal objectives.

Relying only on historical financial performance can hide the real issues in any business. Our KPIs will be both financial and non-financial. There are a number of non-financial KPIs, which are important to the directors in developing the business.

- We have undertaken productivity benchmarking at different sites – this has resulted in an improvement in output per hour and scrap rates.
- We aim to formalise our approach to assessing risk in all functional areas (eg operations, finance, people, and information technology) and will assess the likel hood and possible business impact of these risks.
 Responsibilities will be assigned to each key area and we will be formalising how appropriate risk management information will be collected and reported.
- Relocating staff into one office has improved the morale at KLAW. Achievement of this non-financial KPI was important. The new product development team has had successes with a new cryogenic product and its reputation in the chemical sector is building.

Group sales, including Schlegel, were £62.940m (2005; £7.479m) and pre-tax profits increased to £10.013m (2005; £2.435m).

Directors and advisers

Executives Greg Hutchings

Executive Chairman

Greg Hutchings (aged 60) became a director and Executive Chairman immediately following the Extraordinary General Meeting on 16 February 2004, in accordance with the proposals set out in the circular to shareholders dated 21 January 2004.

Mr Hutchings jo ned Tomkins plo in 1983 and held the post of Chief Executive or Chairman from January 1984 until he stepped down in October 2000. Over the sixteen year period to 30 April 2000 Tomkins plo annual profit before tax and exceptional items rose from \$\Omega\$1.6 million to \$\Omega\$473.6 million with uninterruoted growth, year on year, in earnings per share. Compound growth in earnings per share over this period was around 26 per cent per annum and compound growth of dividends per share was over 24 per cent per annum. In the year to 30 April 2000 Tomkins pic earnings per share and dividends increased by 15 per cent.

Denis Mulhall

Executive Director

Denis Muthall (aged 55) was appointed a director on 23 February 2004. From 1988 to 1993 Mr Muthall worked alongside Mr Hutchings at Tomkins plc. He left Tomkins plc to join Berisford plc, firstly as Chief Financial Officer and then Chief Operating Officer, seeing the transformation of the company from a shell to a market capital sation of \$2700 million. Recently he was Chief Financial Officer at Oxford GlycoSciences Plc.

Non-executives Frederic Hoad

Non-executive Director

Freoeric Hoad (aged 67) is currently a non-executive director of a number of private companies and Aviva plo subsidiaries. Refore his retirement in 1996, he spent 28 years at Commercial Union, where, amongst a number of senior positions, he was head of Corporate Finance, head of Overseas Division Finance and head of Private Equity Investment.

Michael Jackson

Non-executive Director

Michael Jackson (agod 57) has a dogree in Law from Cambridge University and is an FCA. He was chairman of Sago Group plc until 2006, having been a director since 1983, He is a director of a number of companies, including Elderstreet Investments, Planit Holdings, Computer Software Group, Netstore and MediaSurface and is the non-executive chairman of Party Gaming plc.

Roland Tate

Non-executive Director

Roland Tate (aged 50) is a director of Tger Corporate Finance, based in Newcastle. After a period working in the oil and gas sector, he spent eight years as an executive and director at three private eauty investment organisations and was appointed a non-executive director of several venture capital backed businesses. In 1997 he became a corporate financier, working first at PricewaterhouseCoopers, then KPMG and subsequently RMT, as a Corporate Finance Director, gaining considerable excerience in mergers and acquisitions. He is a Fellow of the Securities and Investments Institute.

Secretary

Cavendish Administration Limited

Company number 2806007

Registered office

Crusader House 145-157 St John Street London, EC1V 4RU

Auditors

Grant Thornton UK I_P Grant Thornton House Melton Street London, NW1 2EP

Registrar

Capita IRG Plc The Registry 34 Beckenham Road Beckenham Kent, BR3 4TU

Nominated adviser and broker

HSBC Bank plc 8 Canada Square London, E14 5HQ

Website

www.lupuscap.tal.co.uk

Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the Group accounts for the year ended 31 December 2006.

Review of the business Principal activities

The Company is a holding company. The principal activities of its main operating subsidiaries are the manufacture, supply and distribution of building products and of goods and services to the oil and gas industries. The Company's strategy is to build shareholder value through the acquisition of businesses with potential for development and the application of proven management skills and systems.

Future developments

The statement by the Chairman set out on pages 2 to 4 contains details of the progress of the Group during the year together with an indication of future developments.

Results and dividends

The Group profit for the year after taxation amounted to 26,408,000 (2005: £1,410,000). The directors are recommending the payment of a final dividend of 0.334p per share (2005 0.278p per share) absorbing £2,059,000 (2005: £661,000). This recommended dividend is not reflected in the financial statements. If approved by shareholders, the final dividend will be paid on 23 May 2007 to shareholders on the register at 9 March 2007. The aggregate ordinary dividend for the year amounts to 0.497p per share (2005: 0.410c per share).

The Board

The directors listed on page 6 have held office during the last financial year and in the subsequent period to the date of this report; all held office throughout the period, with the exception of Mr Jackson, who was appointed by the Board on 17 November 2006.

Except for their shareholdings, the non-executive directors are entirely independent. There were no contracts subsisting during or at the end of the year in which a director was or is materially interested. The Company maintains a policy of insurance against directors' and officers' liabilities.

A description of the Board's method of operation, its work during the year and that of its committees, is given in the report on Corporate Governance on pages 9 to 10.

Re-election of directors

Mr Hutchings and Mr Mulhall retire by rotation and, being eligible, will seek re-election.

Mr Jackson, having been appointed by the directors since the last general meeting, is subject to re-election by shareholders and, being eligible, will seek re-election.

Directors' interests

The directors' interests in the share capital, beneficially held, of the Company were as follows:

	31 December 2006 Ordinary shares	31 December 2005 Ordnary Shares
Greg Hutchings	26,766,666	23,750,000
Denis Mulhall	4,750,000	2,800,000
Frederic Hoad	533,333	325,000
Michael Jackson	858,730	
Roland Tate	596,417	160,348

In addition, Mr Hutchings has non-beneficial interests in 2,800,000 shares.

The trustees of the Lupus Emp'oyee Share Ownership Trust ("the leso!") hold 63,385,676 shares under the employee incentive arrangements described in the circular dated 21 January 2004 and approved by shareholders on 16 February 2004. Of these, 47,539,257 were allotted on 26 March 2004 and have been allocated for the benefit of the family of Greg Hutchings, Executive Chairman of the Company. The remaining 15,846,419 were purchased and allotted on 4 April 2006.

Other matters

Auditors

In accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, an ordinary resolution to re-appoint Grant Thomton UK LLP as auditors will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting; this is item six in the Notice of Meeting.

Directors report

Substantial shareholders

In addition to the holdings of certain of the directors and of the lesot described above, at the latest practicable date before publication of this report the Company had been notified of, or had identified, the following direct or indirect interests comprising 3% or more of its saued share capital:

	Ordinary shares	- %
Cazenove Equity Income	41,621,234	6.7
Schroder Asset Management	35,714,285	5.8
F & C Asset Management	35,633,433	5.8
Unicom Asset Management	35,623,433	5.8
Framlington Group	31,225,990	5.1
Invosco Asset Management	27,030,269	4.4
Polar Capital	23,571,428	3.8
Equity Partnership Investment Company	22,800,000	3.7
Artemis UK Smaller Companies Fund	20,000,000	3.2

Creditors payment policy

Group operating companies are responsible for agreeing the terms and conditions under which business transactions with their suppliers are conducted. It is Group policy that payments to suppliers are made in accordance with all relevant terms and conditions. Creditor days for the Group have been calculated at 34 days.

Safety, health and the environment

The Board recognises that the highest standards in safety, health and environmental issues are an essential part of sound business practice. The Board is committed to improving the impact on the environment from any of its operations and to incorporating the principles of sustainable development.

Going concern

After making enouiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and accordingly they have adopted the going concern hasis in preparing the accounts.

By order of the Board

Cavendish Administration Limited Company Secretary 18 March 2007

Corporate governance

The directors acknowledge the importance of the Principles set out in the Combined Code, as issued in revised form in 2003 by the Financial Reporting Council, and have put in place a framework for corporate governance which it believes is appropriate for the Company.

The Company, being quoted on AIM, is not required to comply with the provisions of the Combined Code, but has chosen to make the following voluntary disclosures:

The Board Board composition

The Board comprises two executive and three non-executive di ectors. Mr —utchings was appointed Executive Chairman on 16 February 2004 and Mr Mulhall has served as an executive director since 23 February 2004. Mr Hoad and Mr Tate have served as non-executive directors since November 2002. Mr Jackson joined the Board as a non-executive director on 17 November 2006. Mr Hoad is the senior non-executive director.

Both Mr Hutchings and Mr Mulhall are engaged full-time on the Company's business and have no outside interests that conflict with their responsibilities to the Company, Mr Hutchings is a governor of the Museum of London. Mr Mulhall is non-executive chairman of RingProp ptc. All non-executive directors are independent.

How the Board operates

The Board nieets regularly and is responsible for strategy, performance and the framework of internal controls. The Board has a formal schedule of matters specifically reserved to it for decision. Responsibility for the day-to-day operational management of Gall Thomson Environmental Limited and the Schlegel companies is delegated to the directors of those companies. To enable the Board to discharge its duties, all directors receive appropriate and timely information. The Company Secretary distributes briefing papers to all directors in advance of Board meetings. All directors have access to the advice and services of the corporate Company Secretary, which is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are followed and that applicable rules: and regulations are complied with. The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary is a matter for the Board as a whole. In addition, procedures are in place to enable the directors to obtain independent professional advice in the furtherance of their duties, if necessary, at the Company's expense.

Board meetings

During the year ended 31 December 2006, there were five meetings of the Board. Participation in the meetings was as follows: Mr Head, four meetings; Mr Tato, four meetings; Mr Hutchings, five meetings; Mr Mulhali, five meetings; Mr Jackson, who joined the board in November, at ended one meeting.

Re-election of directors

All directors are subject to re-election by the shareholders at Annual General Meetings at a maximum interval of three years. The Articles of Association provide that directors appointed by the Board will be subject to re-election at the first AGM thereafter.

Remuneration

A report on directors' remuneration is included on pages 11 to 12.

Board Commitees

The Board has formed an Audit and Corporate Covernance Committee, a Remuneration Committee and a Nominations Committee, each comprised of all independent, non-executive directors. The existence of the committees ensures that time is allocated on a formal basis to consider relevant issues.

Audit and Corporate Governance Committee

The Audit and Corporate Governance Committee meets at least twice a year and considers the appointment and less of the external auditors and discusses the scope of the audit and its findings. The Committee is also responsible for monitoring compliance with accounting and legal requirements and for reviewing the annual and interim financial statements. This committee is chaired by Mr Hoad.

During the year ended 31 December 2006 the Committee held four meetings. Mr Hulchings, Mr Mulhall, Mr Hoad and Mr Tate each attended all four meetings; Mr Jackson attended the one meeting that took place after his appointment.

The Audit Committee also reviews any non-audit services provided by the auditors. Such services have been, and are, limited to the provision of transaction support services, tax compliance work and tax advice. The Committee considers that such services can be provided most efficiently and economically by the same firm as that conducting the audit. The Committee is satisfied that the provision of such services does not in any way prejudice the objectivity and independence of the auditor.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee considers and approves the remuneration and benefits (if any) of the directors. The Committee also determines the remuneration of the directors of the Schlegel companies, of Call Thomson and of the service providers contracted to perform executive functions for the Group.

The membership and work of the Committee during the year ended 31 December 2006 is described in detail in the Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 11 to 12.

Corpo	rate go	overna	nce			
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Nominations Committee

The Nominations Committee identifies and nominates candidates for the office of director of the Company. It meets as and when required and is chaired by Mr Tate. The Committee met once during the year ended 31 December 2006, with all four directors then in office present.

Internal control

The directors acknowledge that they are responsible for the Group's system of internal controls and for reviewing the effectiveness of those controls. The Board, including the executive directors, reviews the internal control framework on an ongoing basis.

Procedures have been developed to safeguard assets against unauthorised use or disposition and to maintain proper accounting records to provide reliable financial information both for internal use and for publication. In accordance with the guidance of the Turnbull Committee on internal control, the procedures are regularly reviewed in the light of an ongoing process to identify, evaluate and manage the significant risks faced by the Company. The process has been in place for the full year under review and up to the date of the approval of the annual report and financial statements. The procedures are designed to manage rather than eliminate risk and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

Relations with Shareholders

Communications with shareholders are given high priority and there is a regular dialogue with institutional shareholders.

The Board uses the Annual General Meeting to communicate with private and institutional investors and welcomes their participation. Details of resolutions to be proposed at the Annual General Meeting on 16 May 2007 can be found in the Notice of the Meeting on page 37.

The Company has sixt up a website www.lupuscapital.co.uk which shareholders, investors and other interested parties may access. The wabsite permits users to download cooles of published financial reports, press releases and Stock Exchange announcements.

Directors' responsibilities for the financial statements

The directors are re-sconsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have ceen followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- crepare the financial statements on the going concern casis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the linancial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregulanties.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Directors' remuneration report

The Company, being quoted on AIM, is not required to comply with the Directors Remuneration Report Regulations 2002 or the disclosure provisions of Schedule 7A of the Companies Act 1985 and the UKLA Listing Rules, but has chosen to make the following voluntary disclosures:

Remuneration Committee and advisers

As explained on page 9, the Remuneration Committee of the Board comprises all independent non-executive directors of the Company. It is chaired by Mr Hoad and is responsible for determining and reviewing the terms of appointment and the remuneration of the directors of the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2006, the Committee met three times. Mr Hoad and Mr Tate each attended all three meetings; Mr Jackson attended one meeting. Mr Hutchings was present as an observer at three meetings and Mr Mulhall present as an observer at two meetings.

The Remunuration Committee may utilise independent advice when it considers it appropriate. No such advice was taken during the year ended 31 December 2006.

Remuneration policy

The Company's policy is to pay remuneration to directors at a level consistent with their responsibilities and with the scope of the Group.

The Remuncration Committee reviewed the remuneration of both the executive and non-executive directors during the year ended 31 December 2006. It concluded that the very considerable expansion of the Group's size and activities brought about by the acquisition of Schlogel made it appropriate to increase the levels of remuneration. The decision was taken to increase the salaries of Mr Hutchings and Mr Mulhall to £250,000 per year and £195,000 per year respectively from 1 May 2006, following the completion of the acquisition in April 2006, in addition, bonuses were awarded of £150,000 to Vr Hutchings and £90,000 to Mr Mulhall upon completion of the acquisition.

The fees of Mr Hoad and Mr Tate were each increased to £21,000 per year from 1 September 2006. Mr Jackson joined the Board on 17 November 2006 and is entitled to fees of £25,000 per year.

Service Agreements

Under the terms of their service agreements Mr Hutchings and Mr Mulhall are entitled, in addition to their annual salaries, to membership of a private medical expenses arrangement and permanent health insurance cover. They are entitled to participate from time to time in any bonus arrangements the Board may establish. These agreements are terminable on not less than 12 months' notice by either party.

The non-executive directors have letters of appointment, which provide a notice period of one month. All directors are subject to re-election by shareholders at a maximum interval of three years.

Remuneration

The remuneration payable in respect of the year ended 31 December 2006 was as follows:

	Sakry/Foos £	Bonus E	Sonofits £	Total 2006 £	Total 2005 E
Greg Hutchir gs	216,666	150,000	1,865	368,531	150,837
Denis Mulhal	155,000	90,000	1,987	246,987	75,523
Frederic Hoad	18,750	_	_	18,750	18,000
Roland Tate	18,750			18,750	18,000
Michael Jackson	3,263	_		3,263	_
Konrad Legg	-				917
Total	412,429	240,000	3,852	656,281	263,277

The fees of Mr Hoad were payable to Hoad & Co (Consultants) Limited, those of Mr Tate were paid to RMT up to 21 January 2005 and thereafter to Tiger Corporate Finance Limited and those of Mr Jackson to Michael Jackson Associates.

1	ctors' remuneration report
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Payment of remuneration in shares

Mr Jackson and Mr Tate agreed on 17 November 2006 to take payment of their fees in shares of the Company. The relevant letters of agreement stated that their entitlement to fees for the periods of 12 months commencing on 17 November 2006 and 1 November 2006 respectively, being £25,000 and £21,000 respectively, would be satisfied by the issue to them of new ordinary shares in the company; the issue of such shares satisfied in full the obligation to make payment of the fees due for the period ending 16 November 2007 and 30 October 2007 respectively; subject to the relevant articles of association of the Company, their service as directors could only be terminated on 12 months' notice from either side and they agreed to hold the shares issued for at least 12 months.

Pursuant to these agreements, 153,730 new ordinary shares were issued to Mr Jackson and 133,333 to Mr Tate on 17 November 2006, by reference to the closing mid-market price of the shares on 16 November 2006.

Long term share incentive schemes and bonuses

An incentive scheme and an employee benefit trust were put into place during 2004, in order to provide incentives for the executive directors and employees to achieve value for shareholders. The details of these were described in the circular to shareholders dated 21 January 2004 and subsequently approved with amondment at Shareholders' General Meeting.

The service agreements of the executive directors include provision for possible cash bonus scheme arrangements. Any such schemes will be performance-related and the level of performance bonus will be determined by the remuneration committee in accordance with generally accepted practice. To date, no such arrangements have been established.

Pension:

During 2006 there were no defined cenefit pension entitlements and no pension payments were made in respect of the directors.

By order of the Board

Cavendish Administration Limited Company Secretary 18 March 2007

Report of the independent auditors to the members of Lupus Capital plc

We have audited the financial statements of Lupus Capital plc for the year ended 31 December 2006, which comprise the consolidated profit and loss account, the calance sheets, consolidated cash flow statement, statement of recognised gains and losses and the related notes 1 to 27. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the group financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view, whether they are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and whether the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Directors' Report, the Chairman's Statement and the Corporate Governance Statement. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the group financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the group financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the group financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the cresentation of information in the group financial statements,

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and Company's affairs at 31 December 2006 and of the profit of the Group for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006.

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants

Registered Auditor London 13 March 2007

Consolidated profit and loss account For the year ended 31 December

		\ol e	2006 £'000	2005 COU2 Deuslase
Turnover	- continuing - acquisitions	3	9,314 53,626	7.479
Cost of sales	·		62,940 (22,434)	7,479 (2,213)
Gross profit	·		40,506	5,266
Administrative e	xpenses			1
- excluding good! - goodwill amortis		3 3	(28,960) —	(2,180) (741)
Notal administrative	expenses		(28,960)	(2,921)
Operating profit	- continuing - acquisitions	3	3,445 8,101	2,345
			11,546	2,345
Interest receivable Interest payable ar	; and similar income d similar charces	5 6	501 (2,034)	316 (226)
,	y activities before taxation		10,013	2,435
Taxation		7	(3,605)	(1,025)
Profit on ordinar	y activities for the year		6,408	1,410
Earnings per share	l - basic and diluted	10	1.233p	0.593p

Consolidated balance sheet

As at 31 December

	Netu	2006 2'000	2005 2000 Hestaled
Fixed assets	·		
ntangible assets	11	72,832	9,940
Tangible astjets	13	13,123	443
		85.955	10,383
Current assets		,	1++
Stocks and Work- n-progress	15	7,396	331
Debtors	16	15,210	2,965
Deferred tax.	16	6,067	
Cash at bank and in hand		9,738	2,654
·		38,411	5,950
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	17	(20,237)	(1,915)
Net current assets		18,174	4,035
Total assets less current liabilities		104,129	14,418
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	18	(28,995)	(21)
Provisions for liabilities	21	(1,868)	_
Pension scheme liability	22	(3,290)	_
Net assets		69,976	14,397
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	23	3.083	1,188
Share premijim account	24	45	
Merger reserve	24	10,389	10,389
Profit and loss account	24	56,459	2,820
Equity shareholders' funds		69,976	14,397

Company balance sheet

	Note	2906 £'000	2005 2003
Fixed assets			
nvestments	14	74,100	25,100
	-	74,100	25,100
Current assets			
Debtors	16	1,601	5
Cash at bank and in hand		5,270	5,059
		6,871	5,064
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	17	(4,035)	(3,718)
Net current assets		2,836	1,346
Total assets less current liabilities		76,936	26,446
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	18	(7,876)	(7,876)
Net assets	· <u></u>	69,060	18,570
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	23	3,083	1,188
Share premium acrount	24	45	
Merger reserve	24	8,920	8,920
Profit and loss acorbunt	24	57,012	8,462
Equity shareholders' funds		69,060	1 <u>8.</u> 570

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 18 March 2007,

Greg Hutchings Chairman

Denis Mulhall

Director

Consolidated cash flow statement

For the year ended 31 December

	Note	2006 £'000	2005 2000
Cash inflc w from operating activities	19210	16,926	2,764
nterest rea∋ived		501	316
nterest pail)		(2,034)	(226
Cash (outfl(iw)/inflow from the servicing of finance		(1,533)	90
ax paid		(2,050)	(306)
nvesting activities			
equisition, net of cash acquired		(47,408)	
Schlegel debt repaid upon acquisition		(40,281) (964)	(10 5)
Property, plant and equipment			
let cash outflow from investing activities		(88,653)	(105
quity dividişnds pald	-	(1,234)	′,94⁺
let cash (putflow)/inflow before financing		(76,544)	1,002
inancing			
sue of shares, net of costs		51,653	
Capital element of finance leases		(112)	3
Bank loan, thet of costs		34,734 (2,500)	
Repayment of long term loans		• • •	_
let cash from financing activities		83,775	3
ncrease in cash The surface of the cash and the contract of the contract of the cash and the cash and the cash and the cash and	25	7,231	1,005
Cash flows from operating activities			0010
Operating profit		11,546	2,345
Depreciation		1,669	58
vmortisation of goodwill		-	741
Novement in inventories		1,698	(80
Novement in receivables		1,394	(642
flovement i∮ payables		619	342
•		16,926	2,764

Consolidated statement of recognised gains and losses

For the year ended 31 December

	2006 £'000	2005 EUJU Hestaled
Profit for the financial year	6,408	1,410
Translation difference	(1,651)	-1
Actuarial gain	622	
Deferred tax	(219)	-
Total recognised gains for the year	5,160	1,410

Consolidated statement of movement in shareholders' funds

For the year ence 31 December

	2006 £'000	2005 £000 j
Total recognised gibins for the year	5,160	1,410
Dividends paid on prdinary shares	(1,234)	(941)
	3,926	469
Shares issued net of costs	51,653	_
Opening shareholdlers' funds	14,397	13,928
Closing sharehold(rs' funds	69,976	14,397

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Going concern basis

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

1.2 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards (UK GAAP) under the historical cost obvention

The consolidated financial statements delivered to shareholders for the year ended 51 December 2005 were precared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), UK GAAP differs in some respects from IFRS. The relevant difference is as follows:

Under IFRS, the requirement to amortise goodwill was replaced by an impairment review of the value of the Company's investments. The directors conducted an impairment review and concluded that the value at which Gall Thomson Environmental Limited (Gall Thomson) was stated in the Company's balance sheet of Call Thomson at 1 January 2004 were not greater than the real sable values of those investments. Therefore the carrying value of goodwill under IFRS was the value as at 1 January 2004 and no further provision was made against that value.

Under LK GAAP, the Board considered the useful economic life of goodwill and concluded that the goodwill has an indefinite useful life and resolved that amortisation should be discontinued under UK GAAP with effect from 1 January 2006.

The addounting policies set out below are not significantly changed from those used under It HS in the prior year, except as identified below.

1.3 Basis of consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate those of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings (see note 14) drawn up to 31 December each year, using the acquisition method of accounting. The results of subsidiary undertakings are included from the date of acquisition to the date of their disposal.

1.4 Goodwill

Goodwill arising from an acquisition of a subsidiary undertaking is the difference between the fair value of the consideration paid and fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired. It is capitalised and carried at unamortised cost and subject to an annual impairment review.]

1.5 Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any provision for any permanent diminution in value.

1.6 Turnover

Turnovity represents the value of work completed, and amounts receivable for goods and services provided to customers during the year net of VAT and other sales related taxes. Turnover is recognised on customer acceptance of goods.

1.7 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangibla fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Decreciation is provided on all assets except freehold land at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, at the following annual rates:

 Frocholid buildings
 2%

 Leasehuld improvements
 25%

 Fixtures, fittings and equipment
 15% to 25%

 Plant and machinery
 7.5% to 35%

 Moter vehicles
 20% to 25%

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment periodically if events or changes in directions and carrying value may not be recoverable.

1.8 Leasing

Where the group enters into a lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of cwinership of an asset to the lease, the lease is treated its a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset at the present value of the minimum lease payments and is depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the asset's useful economic life. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included in creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account at a constant rate of charge on the balance of capital repayments outstanding, and the capital element, which reduces/the outstanding obligation.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

1.9 Stocks and work-in-progress

Stocks and work-in-progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a purchase cost basis. Work-in-progress includes materials and labour costs and an appropriate proportion of overheads incurred on uncompleted contracts at the year end.

1.10 Pensions

Defined contribution pension scheme

The Group operates defined contribution pension schemes within Gall Thomson Environmental Limited and Schlegel Building Products and contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

Defined benefit pension scheme

Additionally, within Schlegel Building Products, defined benefit pension arrangements exist. Scheme assets are measured at fair values. Scheme liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method and are discounted at appropriate high quality corporate both rates. The not surplus or deficit, adjusted for deferred tax, is presented separately from other not assets on the calance sheet. A net flurplus is recognised only to the extent that it is recoverable by the group.

The current struce cost and costs from settlements and curtailments are charged against operating profit. Past service costs are spread over the period until the benefit increases vest. Interest on the scheme facilities and the expected return on scheme assets are included net in other finance costs. Actuarial gains and losses are reported in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

1.11 Deferred taration

Deterred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions of events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, or gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

1.12 Foreign curnencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the calance sheet date. All differences are taken to the crofit and loss account, Forward foreign currency contracts are recognised at the exchange rate prevailing at the time of securing the contract.

The results of overseas companies are translated into sterling at the average rates during the period and the balance sheets at the rate ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences on borrowings used to finance the group's investment in overseas operations are reported in the statement of gains and losses.

1.13 Financial instruments

Financial asset) and liabilities are recognised on the Group's balance sheet when the Group occomes a party to the contractual previsions of the instrument. Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into.

Irade receivables are stated at their normal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts. Trade payables are stated at their normal amount,

1.14 Share-based payments

All share-based payment arrangements are recognised in the financial statements. The group operates an equity-settled share-based payment plan fix remuneration of its employees. All employee services received in exchange for the grant of any share-based payment are measured at their fair values. All share-based payments are ultimately recognised as an expense in profit or loss with a corresponding credit to the profit and loss reserve, net of deferred tax where applicable.

Profit for the financial year, as previously stated under IFRS Amortisation of goodwill As reported under UK GAAP (b) Net assets At 1 January 2006 Coop Opening net assets, as previously stated under IFRS Amortisation of goodwill As reported under UK GAAP 11, 397 13, 41, 397 13, 41, 397 14, 397 15, 61, 61, 61, 61, 61, 61, 61, 61, 61, 61	ia) Proju alier taxation		
Profit for the financial year, as previously stated under IFRS 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3	(A) A) A CONTRACTOR OF THE CON		Year o
Amortisation of goodwill As reported under UK GAAP (b) Nel assets At 1 January 2006 At 2	· g		
As reported under UK GAAP (b) Nel assets At 1 January 2006	Profit for the financial year, as previously stated under IFRS Amortisation of goodwill		2, (
(b) Nel assets At 1 January 2006	,		1,
At 1 January 2009 At 1 January 2009 At 1 January 2009 Coopering net assets, as previously stated under IFRS 15,878 14, Amonthation of goodwill (1,481)			
At 1 January 2009 At 1 January 2009 At 1 January 2009 Coopering net assets, as previously stated under IFRS 15,878 14, Amonthation of goodwill (1,481)			
Opening not assets, as previously stated under IFRS 15,878 14, Amortization of goodwill 1(1,481) 14, Amortization of goodwill 11,397 13, 377 14, 377 13, 377 14, 377	(b) Nel assets		At 1 January
Amortisation of goodwill As reported under UK GAAP 14,397 13, prover and operating profit 2000 Sales 62,835 7. Other apporating income 105 Cost of sales (22,434) (2,67css profit) 40,506 5. Administrative expenses (28,960) (2,09eratility profit amortisation Coperating profit amortisation Coperating profit oefore goodwill amortisation 11,546 2,04d capt: goodwill amortisation Coperating profit oefore goodwill amortisation United throughout the Company of the Company	Opening not assets, as proviously stated under IFRS		
As reported under UK GAAP 14,397 13, ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### #		-	
Sales 62,835 7. Other operating income 105 Cost of Isales (22,434) (2, 67css profit 40,506 5. Administrative expenses (28,960) (2, 67cs) profit 11,546 2. Add ceipt: goodwill amortisation 1,546 3. Coperating profit cefore goodwill amortisation 1,546 3. Turnover by destination 11,546 3. Turnover by destination 3,616 Other Ebropean countines 22,376 3. Arnericas 24,465 1. Test of the World 7,378 1. Total 5,236 5,237 5. Total 5,238 5,238 5. Total 5,238 5,238 5,238 5,238 5,238 Coperating profit is stated after charging 5,238 5,238 Depreciption of tangible assets - owned assets 1,623 Depreciption of tangible assets - audit of the group accounts 66 Fees parable to the company's auditors for their associates for other services 3,238 Late, general advice and corporate finance services 1,21 Late, general advice and corporate finance services 187	ei - Taranta de la companya de la c	14,397	13,
Sales 62,835 7. Other operating income 105 Cost of Isales (22,434) (2, 67css profit 40,506 5. Administrative expenses (28,960) (2, 67cs) profit 11,546 2. Add ceipt: goodwill amortisation 1,546 3. Coperating profit cefore goodwill amortisation 1,546 3. Turnover by destination 11,546 3. Turnover by destination 3,616 Other Ebropean countines 22,376 3. Arnericas 24,465 1. Test of the World 7,378 1. Total 5,236 5,237 5. Total 5,238 5,238 5. Total 5,238 5,238 5,238 5,238 5,238 Coperating profit is stated after charging 5,238 5,238 Depreciption of tangible assets - owned assets 1,623 Depreciption of tangible assets - audit of the group accounts 66 Fees parable to the company's auditors for their associates for other services 3,238 Late, general advice and corporate finance services 1,21 Late, general advice and corporate finance services 187	urnover and operating profit		
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Other operating income 105 Cost of Isales (22,434) (2 Gross profit 40,506 5 Administrative expenses (28,960) (2 Operating profit 11,546 2 Add capk: goodwill amortisation - - Operating profit oefore goodwill amortisation 11,546 3 Turnover by destination United Kingdom 8,616 22,376 3 Other Ebropean countines 22,376 3 Americas 24,465 1 Rest of the World 7,378 1 Total 62,835 7 Operating profit is stated after charging Depreciption of leased assets - owned assets 1,623 Depreciption of leased assets - amortisation of goodwill - Operating lease remails - land and buildings 946 Fees parable to the company's auditors for the audit of the group accounts 66 Fees parable to the company's auditors or their associates for other services - - audit (if the company's subsidaries 121	Salos		
Cost of sales (22,434) (2,600) (3,600)		•	•
Administrative expenses (28,960) (2 Operating profit 11,546 2, Add cark: goodwill amortisation — Operating profit defore goodwill amortisation 11,546 3 Turnover by destination United hingdom 8,616 Other Ehropean countines 22,376 3 Americals 24,465 1 Total 7,378 1 Total 62,835 7 Operating profit is stated after charging Depreciption of tangible assets - owned assets 46 Amortisation of tangible assets - owned assets 46 Amortisation of goodwill — Operating lease rentals - tand and buildings 56 Fees parable to the company's auditors for the audit of the group accounts 66 Fees parable to the company's subsideries - audit of the group accounts 121 - tax, grineral advice and corporate finance services 187	Cost of sales	• • •	•
Operating profit 11,546 2 Add cap's: goodwill amortisation	Gross (Nofit	40,506	5
Add caits goodwill amortisation — Operating profit defore goodwill amortisation 11,546 3. Turnover by destination United Itingdom 8,616 Other Elvropean countries 22,376 3. Americals 24,465 1. Rest of the World 7,378 1. Total 62,835 7. Operating profit is stated after charging Deprecitition of tangible assets - owned assets 1,623 Deprecition of leased assets 46 Amortisation of goodwill — Operating lease rentals - land and buildings 946 Fees parable to the company's auditors for the audit of the group accounts 66 Fees parable to the company's auditors or their associates for other services - audit (if the company's subsidiaries 121 - tax, general advice and corporate finance services 187	Administrative expenses	(28,960)	(2,
Operating profit cefore gcodwill amortisation Turnover by destination United Kingdom 22,376 3 Arnericals 24,465 1 7,378 1 Total Total Coperating profit is stated after charging Depreciation of tangible assets - owned assets Depreciation of leased assets - owned assets Anortisation of goodwill Depreting lease rentals - land and buildings Fees parable to the company's auditors for the audit of the group accounts Fees parable to the company's auditors or their associates for other services - audit (if the company's subsidiaries - audit (if the company's subsidiaries - tax, general advice and corporate finance services		11,546	2,
Turnover by destination United Kingdom Other Ethropean countries 22,376 3 Arnericals Arnericals Rest of the World 7,378 1 Total Total 62,835 7 Operating profit is stated after charging Depreciation of tangible assets - owned assets Depreciation of leased assets 46 Amortisation of goodwill Operating lease rentals - tand and buildings Fees parable to the company's auditors for the audit of the group accounts Fees parable to the company's auditors or their associates for other services - audit of the company's subsidiaries - tax, general advice and corporate finance services 187	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11.546	. 3
United Kingdom Other Ethropean countries Americals Americals Rest of the World Total Total Total Depreciation of tangible assets - owned assets Depreciation of leased assets Americals Americals Depreciation of leased assets Americals Depreciation of leased assets Americals Depreciation of leased assets Americals Americals Americals Depreciation of leased assets Americals Am		- ಬೀಲಯ ಇಂಗ್ ಕೊಂಡು ಇಂಥಾವರ್ ಚಾಚ	
Other Ethropean countries Americals Rest of the World Total Total Total Coperating profit is stated after charging Deprecipition of tangible assets - owned assets Deprecipition of leased assets Amortisation of goodwil Coperating lease rentals - land and buildings Fees parable to the company's auditors for the audit of the group accounts Fees parable to the company's auditors or their associates for other services - audit (if the company's subsidiaries - tax, general advice and corporate finance services 122,376 1,32 1,4465 1,7,378 1,623		8 616	
Rest of the World 7,378 1 Total 62,835 7 Operating profit is stated after charging Depreciption of tangible assets - owned assets 1,623 Depreciption of leased assets 46 Amortisation of goodwill Operating lease rentals - land and buildings 946 Fees parable to the company's auditors for the audit of the group accounts 66 Fees parable to the company's auditors or their associates for other services - audit of the company's subsidiaries 121 - tax, general advice and corporate finance services 187			3,
Total 62,835 7 Operating profit is stated after charging Depreciption of tangible assets - owned assets 1,623 Depreciption of leased assets 46 Amortisation of goodwill Operating lease rentals - tand and buildings 946 Fees parable to the company's auditors for the audit of the group accounts 66 Fees parable to the company's auditors or their associates for other services - audit of the company's subsidiaries 121 - tax, general advice and corporate finance services 187	·		
Operating profit is stated after charging Depreciption of tangible assets - owned assets Depreciption of leased assets Amortisation of goodwill Operating lease rentals - land and buildings Fees parable to the company's auditors for the audit of the group accounts Fees parable to the company's auditors or their associates for other services - audit (if the company's subsidiaries - tax, general advice and corporate finance services 187			
Deprecipition of tangible assets - owned assets Deprecipition of leased assets Amortisation of goodwill Operating lease rentals - land and buildings Fees parable to the company's auditors for the audit of the group accounts Fees parable to the company's auditors or their associates for other services - audit (if the company's subsidiaries - tax, general advice and corporate finance services 187		62,835	·** · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Depreciption of leased assets Amortisation of goodwill Operating lease rentals - tand and buildings Fees parable to the company's auditors for the audit of the group accounts Fees parable to the company's auditors or their associates for other services - audit (if the company's subsidiaries - tax, general advice and corporate finance services 187	Operating profit is stated after charging		
Amortisation of goodwill Operating lease rentals - tand and buildings Fees parable to the company's auditors for the audit of the group accounts Fees parable to the company's auditors or their associates for other services - audit (if the company's subsidiaries - tax, glineral advice and corporate finance services 187		,	
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Fees parable to the company's auditors for the audit of the group accounts Fees parable to the company's auditors or their associates for other services - audit (if the company's subsidiaries - tax, guneral advice and corporate finance services 121 187		946	
- audit (if the company's subsidiaries 121 - tax, glineral advice and corporate finance services 187	Fees parable to the company's auditors for the audit of the group accounts		
- tax, glineral advice and corporate finance services 187			
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Notes to the Group accounts

,, i	urnover and operating profit continued Segmental analysis					
	Segmental phalysis					
				Acquis tions	Continuing	
	1			Schlegel (9 months)	Lupus Group (12 mortos)	Total
				ບິດປີ	ຂັດເນື	ຄຸກກຸກ
	Revenue			53,626	9,314	62,940
	Cost of sales			(19,602)	(2.832)	(22,434)
	Gross profit			34,024	6.482	40.506
	Administrativt expenses			(25,923)	(3,037)	(28,960)
	7			8,101	3,445	11,546
	Operating profit				,	-
	Not assets			48,844	21,132_	69,976
	•					
	Employees					
	Number of (imployees					
	The average (ponthly number of employees (including	g directors) of the Group o	luring the financia	al yoar was:		
					2006	2005
					Number	Number
	Administration				81	15
	Sales				70 537	18
	Operations					
	our selection of the company	ಆರಂಭ ವರ್ಷ-೧೯೮೨ ಕನ್ನಡ	ುಮಹಾ ಮುಮ		688	33
	Employment costs	600				
	Employment costs Employment costs of these employees buring the year	ear were as follows:				
	• •	aar were as follows;			2006	2005
	• •	aai were as follows;			2006	2005
	Employment costs of these employees buring the ye	aar were as follows;			£'000	5,000
	Employment costs of these employees buring the year	aaı were as follows;			£'000 14,878	£'000 1,565
	Employment costs of these employees buring the yes Wages, salaries and Invoiced fees Social Security costs	aar were as follows;			£'000 14,878 1,809	£'000 1,565 192
	Employment costs of these employees buring the year	aar were as follows;			£'000 14,878 1,809 395	£'000 1,565 192 85
	Employment costs of these employees buring the yes Wages, salaries and Invoiced fees Social Security costs	aar were as follows;		، ر ر د د د د	£'000 14,878 1,809	£'000 1,565 192
	Employment costs of these employees buring the yes Wages, salaries and Invoiced fees Social Security costs	ear were as follows;	د دخد ۲۵۰۰۰ د	=	£'000 14,878 1,809 395	£'000 1,565 192 85
	Employment costs of these employees buring the year wages, salaries and Invoiced fees Social Security costs Other pension costs The Group made no contributions towards the person	onal pension arrangements			£'000 14,878 1,809 395 17,082 e year ended 3	£'000 1,565 192 85 1,842
	Employment costs of these employees buring the year ways and Invoiced fees Social Security costs Other pension costs	onal pension arrangements			£'000 14,878 1,809 395 17,082 e year ended 3	£'000 1,565 192 85 1,842
	Employment dosts of these employees buring the year wages, salaries and Invoiced fees Social Security costs Other pension costs The Group maple no contributions towards the person 2006. Contributions to pension schemes for employ	onal pension arrangements			£'000 14,878 1,809 395 17,082 e year ended 3	£'000 1,565 192 85 1,842
	Employment costs of these employees buring the year Wages, salaries and Invoiced fees Social Security costs Other pension costs The Group made no contributions towards the person 2006. Contributions to pension schemes for employ Remuneration	onal pension arrangements ees of Group subsidiaries	are further descr		£'000 14,878 1,809 395 17,082 e year ended 3	£'000 1,565 192 85 1,842
	Employment dosts of these employees buring the year wages, salaries and Invoiced fees Social Security costs Other pension costs The Group maple no contributions towards the person 2006. Contributions to pension schemes for employ	onal pension arrangements ees of Group subsidiaries	are further descr		£'000 14,878 1,809 395 17,082 e year ended 3	£'000 1,565 192 85 1,842
	Employment costs of these employees buring the year Wages, salaries and Invoiced fees Social Security costs Other pension costs The Group made no contributions towards the person 2006. Contributions to pension schemes for employ Remuneration	onal pension arrangements ees of Group subsidiaries	are further descr		£'000 14,878 1,809 395 17,082 e year ended 3	£'000 1,565 192 85 1,842
	Employment costs of these employees buring the year Wages, salaries and Invoiced fees Social Security costs Other pension costs The Group made no contributions towards the person 2006. Contributions to pension schemes for employ Remuneration	onal pension arrangements ees of Group subsidiaries ed 31 December 2006 wa Salary/Fees	are further de scr as as follows: Bonus	ibed in note 22. Benetra	£'000 14,878 1,809 395 17,082 e year ended 3	1,565 192 85 1,842 1 December
	Employment costs of these employees buring the year employees buring the year employees, salaries and invoiced fees. Wages, salaries and invoiced fees. Social Security costs. Other pension costs. The Group maple no contributions towards the persocation. The Group maple no contributions towards the persocation. Remuneration. The remuneration payable in respect of the year ending.	onal pension arrangements ees of Group subsidiaries ed 31 December 2006 wa Salary/Fees	are further descr as as follows: Borus £	ibed in note 22. Benefits £	£'000 14,878 1,809 395 17,082 e year ended 3	£'000 1,565 192 85 1,842 1 December
	Employment costs of these employees buring the year employees buring the year employees, salaries and invoiced fees. Social Security costs. Other pension costs. The Group maple no contributions towards the persocation. Contributions to pension schemes for employ. Remuneration. The remuneration payable in respect of the year employ. Greg Hutchings.	onal pension arrangements eas of Group subsidiaries ed 31 December 2006 wa Salary/Fees £ 216,666	are further descr as as follows: Boraus f 150,000	ibed in note 22. Beneits £ 1,865	£'000 14,878 1,809 395 17,082 e year ended 3	1,565 192 85 1,842 1 December
	Employment dosts of these employees buring the year Employment dosts of these employees buring the year Employees, salaries and Invoiced fees Social Security costs Other pension costs The Group maple no contributions towards the persocation contributions to pension schemes for employ Remuneration The remuneration payable in respect of the year end Greg Hutchings Den's Mulhali	onal pension arrangements ees of Group subsidiaries ed 31 December 2006 wa Salary/Fees f 216,666 155,000	are further descr as as follows: Borus £	ibed in note 22. Benefits £	£'000 14,878 1,809 395 17,082 e year ended 3 Total 2006 £ 368,531 246,987	1,565 192 85 1,842 1 December
	Employment dosts of these employees buring the year Employment dosts of these employees buring the year Employees, salaries and Invoiced fees Social Security costs Other pension costs The Group maple no contributions towards the persocation contributions to pension schemes for employ Remuneration The remuneration payable in respect of the year end Greg Hutchings Den's Mulhali Frederic Hoad	onal pension arrangements eas of Group subsidiaries and 31 December 2006 was salary/Feas £ 216,666 155,000 18,750	are further descr as as follows: Boraus f 150,000	ibed in note 22. Beneits £ 1,865	£'000 14,878 1,809 395 17,082 e year ended 3 Total 2006 £ 368,531 246,987 18,750	1,565 192 85 1,842 1 December
	Employment dosts of these employees buring the year wages, salaries and Invoiced fees Social Security costs Other pension costs The Group made no contributions towards the person 2006. Contributions to pension schemes for employ Remuneration The remuneration payable in respect of the year end Greg Hutchings Den's Mulhali Frederic Hoad Roland Tate	onal pension arrangements eas of Group subsidiaries and 31 December 2006 was salary/Fees £ 216,666 155,000 18,750 18,750	are further descr as as follows: Boraus f 150,000	ibed in note 22. Beneits £ 1,865	£'000 14,878 1,809 395 17,082 e year ended 3 Total 2006 £ 368,531 246,987 18,750 18,750	1,565 192 85 1,842 1 December
	Employment dosts of these employees buring the year Employment dosts of these employees buring the year Employees, salaries and Invoiced fees Social Security costs Other pension costs The Group maple no contributions towards the persocation contributions to pension schemes for employ Remuneration The remuneration payable in respect of the year end Greg Hutchings Den's Mulhali Frederic Hoad	onal pension arrangements eas of Group subsidiaries and 31 December 2006 was salary/Feas £ 216,666 155,000 18,750	are further descr as as follows: Boraus f 150,000	ibed in note 22. Beneits £ 1,865	£'000 14,878 1,809 395 17,082 e year ended 3 Total 2006 £ 368,531 246,987 18,750	1,565 192 85 1,842 1 December

The fees of Mr. Hoap were payable to Hoad & Co (Consultants) Limited, those of Mr. Tate were paid to PMT up to 21 January 2005 and thereafter to Tiçler Corporate Finance Limited and those of Vr. Jackson to Michael Jackson Associates.

412,429

240,000

3,852

656,281

263,277

5.	Interest receivable and similar income	2006	2005
		0003	5,000
	Bank atterest receivable	501	316
5.	Interest payable and similar charges		
•	into opt payable and similar and god	2006 £'000	2005 97000
	On batik loans and overdrafts	1,862	78
	On fine pice leases	172	148
	C) 1 \$1 C 190903	2,034	226
	1	2,00	220
	Taxation		
	a). Analysis of the tax charge in the year:	2006	2005
		€ 000	5000
	Taxation based on the result for the year:	1,061	1,006
	UK Corporation tax on profits for the year Adjustment in respect of prior year	(1)	1,000
	Overseas tax	1,522	_
	Total current tax	2,582	1,006
	Deferred tax	974	
	Other Items	49	19
	Total for the period	3,605	1,025
	b). Factors affecting the tax charge in the year:		
	The tax assessed for the year differs from the standard rate of tax in the UK (30%). The differences are expli-	ained below;	
		2006	2005
	D from the control of	000'3	0.003
	Profit/(Içss) on orbinary activities before taxation	10,013	2,435
	Rate of borporation tax in the UK of 30% (2003: 30%)	3,004	731
	Effects of.	_	
	Expens)s not deductible for tax purposes Prior year adjustment	6 (1)	
	Oversetis tax rates	117	
	Timing difference on goodwill eligible for tax rollef	(519)	
	Goodwill amortisation	_	210
	Other (terms Capital allowances in advance of depreciation	(25)	53 12
	Current tax for the year	2,582	1,006
	THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF	7**	ٽِ, ت
	c). Factifies that may affect future tax charges:		
	A deferrant toy appeal trap typen recognitional are follower:		
	A deferration tax asset has been recognised as follows:		
		2006 £'000	2005 2000
	Opening balance	(19)	
	Acquisitipn	(384)	
	Fair valus adjustments	7,693	
	Charge to profit and loss account	(974)	(19)
	Charge to recognised gains and losses Transfer to current	(219) (30)	_
	Balance at 31 December 2006	6,067	(19)
		•	,
	l L		
	•		

7.	Taxation continued The deferred ax asset at 31 December 2006 is made up as follows:				- ·
		Deferred Asset	Dofered Asset - pension	Octereo Liability	Total
		5,000	5,000	£.000	0003
Ì	Opening balance Acquisition ,	164		(19) (548)	(19) (384)
	Fair value adjibstments	5,645	2,048	(0-10)	7,693
1	Charge to prolifit and loss account	(483)	(522)	31	(974)
1	Charge to recognised gains and losses	(20)	(216)	17	(219)
	Transfer to current	(31)		1	(30)
		5,275	1,310	(518)	6,067
	The deferred tax balance and movements in 2005 were entirely on the liab	ollity account.			
	The amounts of deferred tax not recognised are as follows;				
				2006 E'000	.000 000 3
i	Tax lossos			1,558	1,558
1	Capital losses			2,028	2,028
				3,586	3,586
		-		ŕ	
	There are estimated tax losses of £11,954,000 (2005: £11,954,000) within tax losses of £5,194,000. As the future use of these losses is uncertain, in asset has been recognised in respect of them.				
8.	Profit attributable to the members of the parent company As permitted by section 230 of the Companies Act 1985, the carent compaccounts. The profit dealt with in the accounts of the parent company was			peen included i	n these
9.	Dividends			2006 £'000	2006 2000
	Dividends reflighted in the financial statements:			2000	2000
	Final dividend for the year 2005 at 0.278p per share (2004 0.264p)			661	C27
i	Interim dividends at 0.114p per share and 0.049p per share (2005: 0.132	p)		573	314
				1,234	941
	Dividend not ruffected in the financial statements Proposed final plividend for the year 2006 at 0.334p per share (2005) 0.27	'8p)		2,059	661
10.	Earnings per share The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit after taxa shares in issue, during the year of 519,845,797 ordinary shares of 0.5p (20)				a number of
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0					onsolidation 000°3
Cost:	· •				2000
At 1 Jahuary 2006 Acquistion of Schlegel (see note 12)					14,393 62,892
At 31 December 2006	 -	a set in accomo		 ;.	77,285
Amortisation At 1 Jahuary 2006 – as previously stated Restatement (see note 2)					2,972 1,481
As restrated Charge for the year					4,453 —
At 31 December 2006	 		.		4,453
Net book value: At 31 December 2006					72,832
At 1 January 2006	 			i en en en	9,940

The directors have assessed the expected useful life of goodwill arising on the acquisition of the Schlegel cusiness and re-assessed the useful life of goodwill arising from the prior period acquisition of Gall Thomson. In both instances they consider the goodwill has an indefinite useful life and should not be amortised. They have performed impairment reviews to affirm this - the Schlegel business being an entercrise that has existed for many years using in house proven technologies and manufacturing methods to service customers and Gall Thomson pre-emithent in its field of expertise.

This is a departure from the Companies Act 1985, paragraph 21 of Schedule 4, for the over-riding purpose of giving a true and fair view of the Group's results for the reasons outlined above.

12. Acquisition of subsidiary

The acquisition of the business of the Schlegel Building Products division was completed on 4 April 2006. The acquisition was funded by the raising of £53 million by way of a placing and open offer of 378,571,429 ordinary shares in Lupus at an issue price of 14p per share and by a new debt facility comprising a term loan of £35,000,000, and a multiourrency revolving loan facility of £10,000,000. In order to process the Hoquisition, a new subsidiary of the Company, Schlegel Acquisition Holdings I, mited (SAH), was formed and the relevant business was brought together within SAH.

Based on its {rading during the nine months ended on 31 December 2006, SAH contributed a consolidated net profit of £3,894,000 to the consolidated net profit of the year.

The acquisition of SAH had the following effect on the Group's assets and liabilities:

	Book value 2000	Fair value adjustments £°000	Provisional Fair Values £'000
Net liabilities acquired:			4
Fixed assets	14,406	(138)	14,328
Stocks	10,501	(1,065)	9,436
Dobtors	14,518	(64)	14,454
Deferred tax (isset	-	7,857	7,857
Cash at bank,	786	0	786
Creditors due within one year	(51,216)	(2.047)	(53,263)
Creditors afte; one year	(578)	0	(578)
Provisions	0	(2,029)	(2,029)
Deferred tax 1	(506)	(42)	(548)
Pensions .	(5,141)	O	(5,141)
;	(17,170)	2,472	(14,698)
Net cash paid:			ŀ
Cash			44,662
Acquisition coats			3,532
Less cash acquired			(786)
Net cash		-	47,408
Goodwill on acquisition			
Net liabilities abquired			14,698
Cash purchase			44,662
Acquisition casts			3,532
			62,892
			25,005

In the last full (hancial year ended 31 December 2005, the Schlegel business had sales of £69,293,000 and a pre-tax profit of £3,801,000.

Fair values have been assessed on a provisional casis pending finalisation of the rationalisation of group accounting procedures, which cover a numbur of different reporting regimes throughout the world.

The adjustment against stock recognises a number of obsolete and slow moving items against which the directors considered there was nadequate privision. Creditors have been increased to account for estimates for omittee liabilities and for commitments made by the vendor company which had not been provided for at acquisition. Provisions have been made for re-structuring plans that existed at acquisition and for lease obligations that are onerous to the group. Deferred tax has been provided on all of the above, as applicable, and on purchased goodwill where a tax benefit will be obtained against future taxable profits.

13. Tangitile fixed assets				
Group _{i,}	Froehold			
i	uand and buiklings	Plant and maulthery	Motor Vehicles	Total 2'000
	0003	5.000	0003	£000
Cost At 1 Jahuary 2006	292	477	11	780
Acquistion of subsidiary	1,792	12,536	****	14,328
Additions	170	879	15	1,064
Disposals		,113)	(8)	(121
Excharge movements	(80)	(898)	-	(97)
At 31 December 2006	2,174	12,881	18 _	15,073
Danas (Jaking				
Depreciation At 1 January 2006	45	284	8	33
Chargelfor the year	84	1,581	4	1,669
Dispostils		(*2)	(7)	(19
Exchange movements	(2)	(35)	-	(3
At 31 December 2006	127	1,818	5	1,950
	homomoto , too give a cir		- re <u>an</u>	2 5-16
Net book value				
At 31 December 2006	2,047	11,063	13	13,120
At 1 January 2006	247	193	3	443
The Constitution of the Co	241 3.447 - 1 + 2 - 1			
Included within plant and machinery are assets held under finance lea Depreciation charged on those assets during the year was £45,000 (Fixed (isset Investments		G. 2000,000 (20	NO. LI III.	Compan
			tr	vestments ir subsidiarie:
Cost				000'3
At 1 January 2006				25,711
Additions				49,000
್ ೯ ಸ್ವಾರ್ಡಿಕ್ ಬ್ರಾಗ್ ಸ್ಥಾನಗಳ ಪಟ್ಟಿಯ ಎಂದು ಅವರ ಸ್ವಾಹಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಪುರ್ಣ ಸಂಪುರಕ್ಕೆ ಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ. -		_	·	74,711
Provisions				
At 1 January 2006 and 31 December 2006	inin Albert i			611
Net book value				
At 31 December 2006				74.100
ರ ಆ ಅಲ್ಲೂ ಇದೇವರ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕ ಸಾಹಿತಿಗೆ ಸಾಹಿತಿಗಳ ಸಂಪರ್ಧನ್ನು ಸಂಪರ್ಧನ್ನು ಸಹಿತಿಗಳು	العدام بالأراث ومجسعات	iff that if		74,100
At 1 January 2006	instruction of a second	·	== +	25,100
In the optinion of the directors, the aggregate value of the Company's included in the balance sheet.	nvestments in subsidiary of	undertakings is n	ot less than the a	amount
1 0				
1				
i				

14.	Fixed asset investments continued Investments in subsidiaries Details of the crincipal subsidiaries of the Group are as follows. Excoperate in Frigland:	cept where otherwise indicated	, they are wh	•	
	Gall Thomson Environmental Limited KLAW Products Limited* Octroi Group Limited Lupus Capital Management Limited Schlegel Accuisition Holdings Limited Schlegel UK (2006) Limited* Schlegel System Inc* Schlegel Pty Limited* Schlegel GmpH* Schlegel BVftA* Schlegel SRL* Schlegel Taliana SL*	USA Australia Germany Belgium Italy Spain		hdustn Investme Managem Holdir Buildi Buildi Buildi Buildi Buildi Buildi	Oil services al couplings at company ent services ag company groducts ag products
15.	Stocks and work-in-progress				
	Raw materials and consumables Work-in-progress Finished goods	. 	on the	3,019 1,023 3,354 7,396	2006 6:000 194 125 12 331
10.	Debtors	Group 2006 £'000	Group 2005 £000	Company 2006 £'000	Company 2005 5'000
	Trade dectors: Amounts due from subsidiary undertakings	12,277	2,812	1.601	5
	Other ceptors, Prepayments (and accrued income	1,051 1,882	91 62	=	-
	The deferred 1x asset of $\Sigma6,067,000$ arises on the acquisition of 5 (see note 7).	15,210 Schlegel and is anticipated to b	2,965 e recovered a	1,601 after more than o	ne year
17.	Creditors: arnounts falling due within one year				!
	Trade creditors	Group 2006 £'000 7,016	Group 2005 £1000 307	Company 2006 E'000	Company 2005 2000
	Bank toan Finance lease inbligations Amounts owed to group uncertakings Corporation (a)	4,938 156 1,453	1 - 718	- 3,991 44	3,705 13
! 	Other taxes and social security costs Accruals and deferred income	272 6,402	1C2 787	Ξ	
	··. (). · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20,237	1,915	4,035	3,718
	ı				
	1				

18. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year				
	Group 2006 £'000	Group 2005 \$1006	Company 2006 £'000	Company 2005 £'000
Bank Ipan	27,296		_	
Finance lease obligations	334	2	_	_
Defemac taxation	_	19	_	<u> </u>
Other preditors	1,365	_	_	***
Loan riotes owed to group undertakings	_	_	7,876	7,876
render the transfer of the second section of the se	28,995	21	7,876	7,87 <u>6</u>

19. Borrawings

The Gipup took out loans totalling £35,000,000 from Bank of Scotland and HSBC in connection with the acquisition of Schleget, of which £30,000,000 was a long term loan and £5,000,000 short term. A repayment of £2,500,000 has been made.

A further revolving credit facility of £10,000,000 was made available by the banks, but no drawings have been made under this facility at the balance sheet date.

1	Group £000	Company £'000
Amounts falling due:		
Within pne year	5,000	_
Betwerin one and two years	5,000	-
Between two and five years	22,500	_
	32,500	_
Less: itsue costs	(266)	_
i I	32,234	_
Less: atmounts falling due withir one year	(4,938)	_
10	27,296	_

Bank ligars and other borrowings are secured on the assets of the Schlegel Acquisition Holdings Group. The principal companies within the group have also provided cross-guarantees to the Group's bankers in support of all bank loans and borrowings.

Borroving facilities

In addition to the above, the Group had un-drawn committee multicurrency loan facilities at 31 December 2006 in respect of which all conditions precedent had been met of £8 505k.

All facilities expire in more than two years but not more than five years.

Financial liabilities repayment detail

The financial liabilities of the Group are repayable as follows:

j	Bank Loans and overchafts £1000	Finance leases £1000	Total £ 000
Amounts falling due:			·
Within the year	4,938	156	5,094
Between one and two years	4,938	155	5,093
Betweel) two and five years	22,358	179	22,537
	32,234	490	32,724

20. Financial instruments: risk profile

The Group's (inncipal financial instruments during the year comprised bank loans, finance leases and cash and short-term deposits. The Group has various other financial instruments such as trade debtors and trade creditors that arise directly from its operations. No trading in financial instruments is undertaken.

The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each financial instrument risk and they are summarised below. The disclosures in this note exclude information relating to short-term debtors and creditors, except relating to credit risk and foreign currency risk.

Credit risk

The group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors. The amounts presented in the patance sheet are not of allowances for doubtful diptors, estimated by the Group's management based on prior experience and their assessment of the current economic environment.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are reputable international banks.

Liquidity risk

During the year ended 31 December 2006 the Group operated within its borrowing facilities. The Board continues to keep the liquidity position under review.

Interest rate risk profile of financial liabilities

The details of the Group's flabilities are set out in Note 18. The interest rate profile of the Group's financial flabilities as at the 31 December 2006 was as follows:

	1					Floating rate liabilities £'000	Fixed rate liabilities £1000	Total E'000
Sterling	7					32,234	2	32,236
JS dollar						44	_	44
Euro						22	488	510
		÷	 	-	_	 32,300	490	32,790

The interest rate on the floating rate bank loans is linked to LIBOR. The Company has taken out an interest rate swap agreement. This agreement is effective from 4 October 2006 and covers the period through to 4 October 2008, the economic effect of this swap agreement was to fix the interest rate for the borrowings covered.

	1						Floating rate Borrowings £000	Dy marest race swaps £'000	Swap food rate %
Sterling	() = =	 _	_ ,	<u></u>	2 22	-	32,234	32,231	6.23

The weighted average interest rate on the fixed financial liabilities is 2.9% and weighted average interest period is 3 years.

Interest rate risk of financial assets

The Board periodically reviews any exposure the Group may have to interest rate fluctuations. The weighted average interest rate received on deposited funds was 4.5% ouring the period

Foreign currency risk

At 31 December 2006 the following balances were held by subsidiaries in currencies other than their local currency:

	£'000	0003
Debtero J.C. dellere	_	436
Debtors – US dollars	-	-
Debtors - eurc's (sold forward)	437	
Cash – US dollars	_	15
Cash – euros	60	_
Croditors - USidollars	_	(30)
Creditors – euros	9	_

The Group keeps under review the extent of its exposure to currency fluctuations and takes such measures as may be appropriate to minimise the risk involved.

Fair values

The directors opnsioer there to be no material difference cetween the book value and fair value of the Group's financial instruments in either financial year.

21. Provisions for flabilities and charges | Restructuring | Total conn | Econn | Eco

Deferred taxation is disclosed in note 7. The re-structuring provision is in respect of an arrangement committed to by the vendor group prior to acquisition.

22. Pensions

22.1 Defined contribution pension schemes

The Group operates a number of defined contribution pension schemes, the assets of which are help externally to the Group's defined contribution pension schemes are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they fall due.

22.2 Defined benefit pension and post retirement benefit schemes

Schletjel operates a defined benefit pension scheme and post-retirement healthcare scheme in the USA. An actuaral valuation was performed on the 31 December 2006, and full actuarial valuations of the schemes are carried out every year by qualified independent actuaries. For the purposes of these annual updates, scheme assets are included at fair value and scheme liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method; these liabilities are discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent currency and term. The post-retirement benefit surplus or deficit is included on the Group's balance sheet, not of the related amount of deferred tax. Surpluses are only included to the extent that they are recoverable through reduced contributions in the future or through refunds from the schemes.

The otyrent service cost and any past service costs are included in the profit and loss account within operating expenses and the expected return on the schemes' assets, net of the impact of the unwinding of the discount on scheme liabilities, is included within other finance incoms. Actuarial gains and losses, including differences between the expected and actual return on scheme assets, are recognised, net of the related deferred tax, in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

The ptinsion scheme is closed to new entrants; as a result the service cost to the company will increase in future years. The expected level contributions to the benefit pension scheme and post-referement healthcare scheme in the year to the 31 December 2007 is £947k.

The major assumptions used by the actuary were;

	31 December 2006	On acquisition
Rate of increase in salaries	ı√a	r v a
Rate of increase in pensions in payment	0.0%	0.0%
Expected rates of return:		
Equities	9.2%	9.2%
Borgs	5.1%	5.1%
Other:	3.1%	3.1%
Inflation rate	3.0%	3.0%
Discount Rate	6.0%	5.75%
Health care cost trend #	9.5%-59	8 9.5%-5 %

The level of healthcare contributions are capped and adopting a higher trend rate does not materially affect the liability

The fall value of the schemes' assets, the present value of the schemes' liabilities and the net pension liabilities were as follows:

)				
	31 December 2006 %	31 December 2006 £1000	On acquisitors %	On acquisition £'900
Equite:	9.2	5,148	9.2	4,994
Bondsi	5.3	2,022	5.1	1,777
Other	3.1	107	3.1	125
Total ~prket value of scheme assets Present value of scheme liabilities		7,277 (10,552)		6,896 (12,015)
(Deficit [†] in the scheme Deferrep tax asset	·	(3,2 <i>75</i>) 1,310	-	(5,119) 2,048
Net pension liability		(1,965)		(3,071)

Pensions continued 2 Defined benefit pension and post retirement bene	
The comportants of the defined benefit cost were as tolk	ows
•	z .
Operating profit	
Current servite cost	1
Past service costs	
Total operating charge	أسمر مصد دارات والمدار سد المارات والمارات
Other finançe (charge)/income	
Expected return on plan assets	3
rterest on plan labilities	(4
Net return	ا
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	
Actual return less expected return on plan assets	
Experence gains and losses on the scheme l'abilities	
Exchange rati) gain	5
Change in assumptions underlying the present value of t	
Actuarial gain	Fig. 1. The state of the state
The movement is the managinest teleficial in the colorest	a divina the vagriuse of fallows
The movement in the recognised (deficit) in the schemes	County the year was as ionows
i 8	£
On incorporation	
On acquisition, Current servid∌ cost	(5,1
Past service opst	(1 2
Contributions	1,2
Other finance pharge	·,-
Actuarial gain	6
Deficit in scheme at 31 December 2006	(3,2
An amount of \$15 000 was cutstanding at \$1 December	r 2006 in respect of payments to defined contribution pension schemes.
An analysis of the arrounts recognised within the consoli	idated statement of total recognised gains and losses is as follows:
Difference betilveen the expected and actual return of sci	heme assets: Amount (£'000)
Percentage of scheme assets	0.0
Experience gaths and losses on the scheme liabilities: An	mount (£'000)
Percentage of present value of the scheme assets liabilities.	
<u>.</u>	
Total amount recognised in statement of total recognised	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Percentage of present value of the scheme assets liabiliti	ies . 5.9
4	
T.	
1	
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23. Share capital	Company 2006 £'000	Company 2005 ECOD
Authorised: 825,000,000 (2005: 500,000,000) Ordinary shares of 0.5 pence each	4,125	2,500
Allotted, called up and fully paid: 616,559,778 (2005: 237,696,286) Ordinary shares of 0.5 pence each	3,083	1,188

Issue of shares in connection with the acquisition of Schlegel

The acquisition of the Schlegel building products division was completed on 4 April 2006. The acquisition was funded by the raising of £53 milliph by way of a placing and open offer of 378,571,429 ordinary shares in Lupus at an issue price of 14p per share and by a new debt facility comprising a term loan of £35,000,000 and a multicurrency revolving loan facility of £10,000,000. Of the new ordinary shares issued, £199,339,334 shares were placed with institutional and certain other investors under the placing and 79,232,095 shares were issued to existing shareholders under the terms of the open offer on the basis of one share for every three held as at 1 March 2006.

Issue of shares to directors in payment of fees

On 17 November 2006, 158,730 shares were issued to Vr Jackson in payment of his director's fees (£25,000) for the year commencing 17 November 2006 and 133,333 shares were issued to Mr Tate, in payment of his director's fees (£21,000) for the year commencing 1 November 2006.

Employee share ownership trust

47,539,257 ordinary shares are held by the trustees of the Lupus Employee Share Ownership Trust ("the lesot") under the employee incentive arrangements described in the circular dated 21 January 2004 and approved by shareholders on 16 February 2004. The lesot subscribed for the shares in cash at a price of 17,25p per share using funds contributed to the lesot by the Company.

The Company requested the trustees of the lesse to hold the shares for the benefit of the family of Greg Hulchings, executive chairman of the Company. On 31 December 2005 that request became unconditional, since Mr Hutchings was still employed by the Company at that date.

The test's subscribed for, and was allotted, a further 15,846,419 ordinary shares in the clacing and open offer in connection with the acquisition of Schlegel.

Continuent rights to the allotment of shares

At 31 Discember 2006 there were 714,285 contingent rights to the allotment of shares, in respect of options granted to Mr —utchings under the EMI scheme. The shares help by the less: are available to satisfy these contingent rights.

24. Movements on share capital and reserves

Group	Share capital £1000	Merger reserve £'000	Share Premium Account £000	Profit and loss Account £'000
At 1 January 2006 – as previously stated	1,188	10,389		4,301
Restate hent - see note 2	_	_		(1,481)
	1.188	10,389	_	2,820
Shares issued net of costs	-,895		<u>4</u> 5	49,713
Proft for the year		_	_	6,408
Exchange difference/Acturial gain				(1,248)
Dividenits baid	-	****	-	(1,234)
At 31 December 2006	3,083	10,389	. 45	56,459

The shares issued in connection with the acquisition of Schlegel, as described in note 20 above, were issued in consideration for shares in Lupus ()apital (Jersey) Limited and the premium thereon taken to profit and loss account following the redemption of shares in Lupus Capital (Jersey) Limited.

Included within the profit and loss account is £96,000, which represents an amount transferred to a Special Reserve within the accounts of a subsidiary company under the terms of a Court Order on a reduction in share capital of that company.

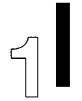
	Movements on share capital and reserves	continued					
	Company			Share	Verger	Share	Profit and foes
				capta/	re≈erve	premu	account
				0003	0003	5000	0007
	At 1 January 2006			1 188	8,920	45	8,462
	Shares issue() net of costs Profit for the year			1 895		45 —	49,713 71
	Profit for the year Dividends			_		_	(1,234)
	At 31 December 2006			3,083	8,920	45	57,012
	AC OT DECEMBER 2000	-					31,012
25.	Analysis of het cash/(debt)						
		1 January 2006	Acquisition	Exchange movement	Cash flow	Other non cash movements	3 December
	•	0003	5,000	0002	ຕວາດ	E 000.7	\$.000
	Cash balancés	2,654		(147,	7,231	_	9,738
	Debt acquires		(40,281)		40,281	_	_
	Cash acquire	_	786		(786)		_
	Short term debt	-			(4,891)	(47)	(4,938)
	Finance leases - short term		(160)	_	4	_	(156)
	Long term dept			•	(27,296)	_	(27,296)
	Finance leases - long term	(3)	(465)	22	112	_	(334)
	Net cash/(delې)	2,651	(40,120)	(125)	14,655	(47)	(22,986)
6.	Contingent liabilities						
	Group						
						2006	2005
				-		€'000	2 000
	Financial gualantees					1,656	_
	Performance bonds					9	9
	Legal claims					578	_
	Contracts for future expenditure					17	_
	į					2,260	9
	ii ii			=			
	The Group hits financial guarantees amounting to workman's oumpensation claims on which no los	ses are anticip	pated.				
	workman's compensation claims on which no los The Group is the subject of pending legal procee Schlegel, prior to the acquisition of the Schlegel t will have a material adverse effect upon the Grou	ses are anticip dings related business by Li	pated. to employee griev upus. The Group	vances arising o does not believ	n the separate	on of the EVI but	siness from
7.	workman's cympensation claims on which no los The Group is the subject of pending legal procee Schlegel, pricir to the acquisition of the Schlegel is	ses are ant cip dings related business by Li p's consolidati	pated. to employee grie- upus. The Group ed financial positi	vances arising o does not believ	n the separate	on of the EVI but	siness from
27.	workman's compensation claims on which no los The Group is the subject of pending legal procee Schlegel, pricinto the acquisition of the Schlegel to will have a material adverse effect upon the Group Financial commitments	ses are ant cip dings related business by Li p's consolidati mrn:tments as	pated. to employee grie- upus. The Group ed financial positi	vances arising o does not believ	n the separate	on of the EVI but	siness from
7.	workman's cympensation claims on which no los The Group is the subject of pending legal procee Schlegel, pricinto the acquisition of the Schlegel to will have a material adverse effect upon the Group Financial commitments At 31 December 2006 the Group had annual cor	ses are ant cip dings related business by Li p's consolidati mrn:tments as	pated. to employee grie- upus. The Group ed financial positi	vances arising o does not believ	n the separate	on of the EVI but	siness from
7.	workman's cympensation claims on which no los The Group is the subject of pending legal procee Schlegel, pricinto the acquisition of the Schlegel to will have a material adverse effect upon the Group Financial commitments At 31 December 2006 the Group had annual cor	ses are ant cip dings related business by Li p's consolidati mrn:tments as	pated. to employee grie- upus. The Group ed financial positi	vances arising o does not believ	n the separate	on of the EVI but	siness from roceedings
7.	workman's oximpensation daims on which no los The Group is the subject of pending legal procee Schlegel, prich to the acquisition of the Schlegel bi will have a material adverse effect upon the Group Financial commitments At 31 December 2006 the Group had annual con Finance leases and hire purchase agreeme Expiry date: Within one year	ses are ant cip dings related business by Li p's consolidati mrn:tments as	pated. to employee grie- upus. The Group ed financial positi	vances arising o does not believ	n the separate	on of the EVI but	siness from roceedings 2006 2006
7.	workman's cympensation claims on which no los The Group is the subject of pending legal procee Schlegel, pricin to the acquisition of the Schlegel to will have a material adverse effect upon the Group Financial commitments At 31 December 2006 the Group had annual con Finance leases and hire purchase agreeme Expiry date:	ses are ant cip dings related business by Li p's consolidati mrn:tments as	pated. to employee grie- upus. The Group ed financial positi	vances arising o does not believ	n the separate	on of the EVI but	2006 6°000 156 334
7.	workman's oximpensation daims on which no los The Group is the subject of pending legal procee Schlegel, prich to the acquisition of the Schlegel bi will have a material adverse effect upon the Group Financial commitments At 31 December 2006 the Group had annual con Finance leases and hire purchase agreeme Expiry date: Within one year	ses are ant cip dings related business by Li p's consolidati mrn:tments as	pated. to employee grie- upus. The Group ed financial positi	vances arising o does not believ	n the separate	on of the EVI but	siness from roceedings 2006 2006 156
7.	workman's oximpensation daims on which no los The Group is the subject of pending legal procee Schlegel, prich to the acquisition of the Schlegel bi will have a material adverse effect upon the Group Financial commitments At 31 December 2006 the Group had annual con Finance leases and hire purchase agreeme Expiry date: Within one year	ses are ant cip dings related business by Li p's consolidati mrn:tments as	pated. to employee grievapus. The Group ed financial position follows:	vances arising c does not believ on, results of op	n the separate	on of the EVI but	2006 6°000 156 334
7.	workman's orimpensation claims on which no los The Group is the subject of pending legal procee Schlegel, prior to the acquisition of the Schlegel to will have a material adverse effect upon the Group Financial commitments At 31 December 2006 the Group had annual con Finance leases and hire purchase agreeme Expiry date: Within one year Between one and five years	ses are ant cip dings related business by Li p's consolidati mrn:tments as	pated. to employee grievapus. The Group ed financial position follows:	vances arising c does not believ on, results of op	n the separation of the could be could	on of the EVI but come of theses p ish flow.	2006 6'000 156 334 490
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7.	workman's orimpensation claims on which no los The Group is the subject of pending legal procee Schlegel, prior to the acquisition of the Schlegel is will have a material adverse effect upon the Grou Financial commitments At 31 December 2006 the Group had annual con Finance leases and hire purchase agreeme Expiry date: Within one year Between one and five years Non-cancellable operating leases:	ses are ant cip dings related business by Li p's consolidati mrn:tments as	pated. to employee grievapus. The Group ed financial position follows:	rances arising of does not believ on, results of op and buildings La 2006	n the separation of the control of t	on of the EVI but tome of theses p shiftaw.	2006 c'000 156 334 490
7.	workman's orimpensation claims on which no los The Group is the subject of pending legal procee Schlegel, prich to the acquisition of the Schlegel bi will have a material adverse effect upon the Group Financial crimmitments At 31 December 2006 the Group had annual con Finance leases and hire purchase agreeme Expiry date: Within one year Between one and five years Non-cancellable operating leases: Expiry date:	ses are ant cip dings related business by Li p's consolidati mrn:tments as	pated. to employee grievapus. The Group ed financial position follows:	vances arising of does not believ on, results of op and buildings and buildings 2006 £'000	n the separation that the outcomerations or call the outcomerations or call the outcomerations of the outcomerations and buildings and and buildings acceptance.	on of the EVI but tome of theses p shiftow. Other 2006 £1000	2006 c'000 156 334 490
7.	workman's orimpensation claims on which no los The Group is the subject of pending legal procee Schlegel, pricin to the acquisition of the Schlegel is will have a material adverse effect upon the Group Financial commitments At 31 December 2006 the Group had annual con Finance leases and hire purchase agreeme Expiry date: Within one years Non-cancellable operating leases: Expiry date: Within one years Expiry date: Within one years Expiry date: Over five years	ses are ant cip dings related business by Li p's consolidati mmitments as nts:	cated. to employee grievupus. The Group ed financial positiv follows:	vances arising of does not believe on, results of operand buildings and buildings 2006 2000 35 102 055	n the separation that the outcome that the outcome and buildings 2005 £000	on of the EVI but come of theses p shiftow. Other 2006 \$1000 79 158	2006 c'000 156 334 490
7.	workman's orimpensation claims on which no los The Group is the subject of pending legal proces Schlegel, prich to the acquisition of the Schlegel to will have a material adverse effect upon the Group Financial crimmitments At 31 December 2006 the Group had annual con Finance leases and hire purchase agreeme Expiry date: Within one year Between one and five years Expiry date: Within one year Expiry date: Within one year	ses are ant cip dings related business by Li p's consolidati mmitments as nts:	cated. to employee grievupus. The Group ed financial positiv follows:	vances arising of does not believing, results of operating and buildings and buildings are soon as a second as a second as a second as a second are a second as a	n the separation that the outcomerations or call the outcomerations or call the outcomerations of the outcomerations and buildings 2005 2000	on of the EVI but come of theses p shiftow. Other 2006 \$1000 79 158	2006 c'000 156 334 490

Form of proxy

Lupus Capital plc

M	/e			
(BI	OCK CAPITALS PLEASE)			
of				
ce	ing (a) mamber(s) of Lupus Capital plc appoint the chairman of the meeting or			
(se	e note 1 of			<u>_</u>
	my/our proxy to attend and vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the annual general meeting of t aughter & May, One Bunhill Row, London, EC1Y 8YY on 16 May 2007 at 14.30 and at any adjourni		o be held at the	offices of
	ase indicate with an X in the spaces provided how you wish your votes to be cast on the resolution.	· -	.	
R	esolution	For	Against	Abstain
1.	To receive and adopt the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2006 together with the eports of the directors and auditors thereon			
2.	To cectare a final dividend			
3.	To 19-appoint Mr Hutchings as a director who retires by rotation and offers himself for re-election			
4.	To re-appoint Mr Mullhall as a director who retires by rotation and offers himself for re-election			ļ
5.	To re-appoint Mr Jackson as a director who retires and offers himself for re-election, having been appointed by the board since the last general meeting			
6.	To re-appoint Grant Thornton LLP as auditors to the Company and to authorise the directors to set their remuneration.			
Su	bject to any voting instructions so given the proxy will vote, or may aostain from voting, on any reso	ution as he ma	ay think fit.	
Siç	natureDated th	is	. day of	2007
NO 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 8.	If you so dealine you may delete the words 'chairman of the meeting and insert the name of your own choice of proxy who need not be a member of the Company. Hease india such attoration. The proxy to minist he hoped at the Proxy Princessing Center, Telliord Road. Bipester, CX26.4, Dior by hand to the Company's registrans. The proxy to minist he hoped hands a Road Road Road Road Road Road Road Ro			

BUSINESS REPLY SERVICE Licence No. RRHB-RSXJ-GKCY



The Proxy Processing Centre Telford Road Bicester OX26 4LD

Third fold and tuck in flap opposite

First fold

Notice of meeting

Notice is hareby given that the Annual General Meeting of Lupus Capital plc will be held a the offices of Slaughter & May, One Burhill Row, London EC' Y 8YY on 16 May 2007 at 14.30, for the following purposes:

Ordinary business

To consider and, if thought fit, approve the following ordinary resolutions

1. To receive and adopt the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2006 together with the reports of the directors and auditors thereon.

To declare a final dividend.

B. To reacpoint Mr Hutchings as a director who retires by rotation and offers himself for re-election.

4. To reappoint Mr Mulhall as a director who retires by rotation and offers himself for re-election.

- To real point Mr Jackson as a director who retires and offers himself for re-election, having been appointed by the Board since the last general meeting.
- 6. To reappoint Grant Thomton UK L_P as auditors of the Company and to authorise the directors to set their remuneration

By order of the Board

Cavendish Administration Limited

Company Sacretary

18 March 2007

Registered Office: Crusader House 145-157 St John Street London, EC1V 4RU

Notes:

1. A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and, on a poll, vote instead of him. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.

To be valid, forms of proxy and any power of attorney or other authority under which it is signed must be lodged at the Proxy Processing
Centre, Telford Road, Bicester, OX26 4LD or by hand to the Company's registrars, Capita Registrars, The Registry, 34 Beckenham Road,
Beckenham, Kent BR3 4TU; not less than 48 hours before the time fixed for the meeting. A form of proxy is enclosed with this notice for use.

Complétion and return of a proxy form does not preclude a member from attending and voting at the meeting.

4. Pursuarit to Regulation 4° of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 200°, the time by which a person must be entered on the register of members in order to have the right to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting is 14.30 on 14 May 2007 being 48 hours prior to the timelifixed for the meeting or, if the meeting is adjourned, such time being not more than 48 hours prior to the time fixed for the adjourned meeting. Changes to entries on the register of members after that time will be disregarded in determining the right of any person to attend or vote at the meeting.

5. The register of directors' interests in the share capital of the Company is available for inspection at the Comcany's registered office during normal pusiness hours from the date of this notice until the date of the Annual General Meeting and will be available for inspection at the

place of the Annual General Meeting for at least 15 minutes prior to and during the meeting.

6. CREST members who wish to acpoint a proxy or proxies by utilising the CREST electronic appointment service may do so for the extraordinary general meeting to be held on 16 May 2007 and any adjournment(s) thereof by utilising the procedures described in the CREST Manual, CREST personal members or other CREST-sponsored members and those CREST members who have appointed a voting service provider(s), should refer to their CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s), who will be able to take the appropriate action on their behalf.

In order for a proxy acpointment made by means of CREST to be valid, the appropriate CREST message (CREST Proxy Instruction) must be properly authenticated in accordance with CRESTCo's specifications and must contain the information required for such instructions, as plescribed in the CREST Manual. The message, regardless of whether it constitutes the appointment of a proxy or an amendment to the instructions (even to a previously appointed proxy, must, in order to be valid, be transmitted so as to be received by the Company's Registrars, Capita Registrars (under CREST participant ID RA10) by the latest time(s) for receipt of proxy appointments specified in the Notice of Annual General Mediting and in Note 2 of this form of proxy. For this purpose, the time of receipt shall be taken as the time (as determined by the timestamp applied to the message by the CREST Applications Hest) from which the Company's agent (Capita Registrars) is able to retrieve the message by enquiry to CREST in the manner prescribed by CREST, After this time, any change of instructions to proxies appointed through CREST should be communicated to the appointed through other means.

CREST mentibers and, where applicable, their CREST sponsors or voting service providers should note that CRESTCo does not make available special proctidures in CREST for any particular messages. Normal system timings and Imitations will therefore apply in relation to the input of CREST Proxy Instructions. It is the responsibility of the CREST member concerned to take (or, if the CREST member is a CREST personal member or sponsored member or has appointed a voting service provider(s) to produce his/her CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s) take(s)) such action as is necessary to ensure that a message is transmitted by means of the CREST system by a particular time. In this bonnection, CREST members and, where applicable, CREST sponsors or voting service providers are referred, in particular, to those sections of the CREST Manual concerning practical limitations of the CREST system and timings.

The Compar'y may treat as invalid a CREST Proxy Instruction in the circumstances set out in Regulation 35(5) of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations (2001).

Lupus Capital IIIc 85 Buckingham (late London, SW*E 8PD Phone: 020 797(8000 Fax: 020 7976 8()14 www.lupuscapital.co.uk